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# DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Food and Drug Administration

### **INVESTIGATIONAL NEW DRUG APPLICATION (IND)**

(Title 21, Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 312)

Form Approved: OMB No. 0910-0014 Expiration Date: March 31, 2022 See PRA Statement on page 3.

NOTE: No drug/biologic may be shipped or clinical investigation begun until an IND for that investigation is in effect (21 CFR 312.40)

(Title 21, Code of Federal Re	guiations	(CFK) Part 312)		investigation is in	effect (21 CFR 312.40)
1. Name of Sponsor				2. Date of	Submission (mm/dd/yyyy)
BioNTech SE				07/14/2021	
3. Sponsor Address					nber (Include country code if
Address 1 (Street address, P.O. box, company r	ame c/o)			applicable and	area code)
An der Goldgrube 12				215-280-5503	
Address 2 (Apartment, suite, unit, building, floor,	etc.)				
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City	State/Provin	nce/Region		019736	
Mainz	N/A	ZID or Dootel Code	,		
Country Germany		ZIP or Postal Code 55131		6B. Select One:	Commercial
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	io, conono,	Chemical, or Couc			
COVID-19 Vaccine (BNT162, PF-07302048)			Continuation Page for #5		
7A. (Proposed) Indication for Use	Ť	3			
Active immunization to prevent COVID-19 caused	1	this indication for a	rare disease (prev	alence <200,000 in	U.S.)? Yes Vo
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7B. SNOMED CT Indication Disease Term (Use co	ntinuation p	age for each additi	onal indication and	d respective coded	disease term)
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9. List numbers of all Investigational New Drug Ap	olications (2	1 CFR Part 312), N	lew Drug Applicati	ons (21 CFR Part	314) , Drug Master Files (21
CFR Part 314.420), and Biologics License Appl	ications (21	CFR Part 601) refe	erred to in this app	lication.	a matagadan asata - an abbahasan ab <del>as</del> at ma
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Subsequent submissions should be numbered	consecutive	ely in the order in w	hich they are subr	mitted	0 4 0 6
11. This submission contains the following (Select	all that apply	v)			
Initial Investigational New Drug Application (IN	ID)	Response to Cli	nical Hold	Response To FDA	Request For Information
Request For Reactivation Or Reinstatement		Annual Report		General Correspon	ndence
Development Safety Update Report (DSUR)		Other (Specify):		-	
Protocol Amendment In	formation	Amendment	Request for		IND Safety Report
☐ New Protocol ☐ PMR/PMC	Chemistry	//Microbiology	☐ Meeting		☐ Initial Written Report
Change in Protocol Protocol		ology/Toxicology	Proprietar	y Name Review	Follow-up to a Written
New Investigator ☐ Human Factors	_	_	_	rotocol Assessment	Daniel
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12. For Originals, is the product a		Combination F		Request for Desi	ignation
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13. Select the following only if applicable. (Justifica		ent must be submit	ted with applicatio	n for any items sel	ected below.
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Previous Page Next Page			
14. Contents of Application – This application conf	Obtained via FOIA by tains the following items	Judicial Watch, Inc. (Select all that apply)	
1. Form FDA 1571 (21 CFR 312.23(a)(1))  2. Table of Contents (21 CFR 312.23(a)(2))  3. Introductory statement (21 CFR 312.23)  4. General Investigational plan (21 CFR 312.23)  5. Investigator's brochure (21 CFR 312.23)  6. Protocol (21 CFR 312.23(a)(6))  a. Study protocol (21 CFR 312.23(a)  b. Investigator data (21 CFR 312.23(a)  completed Form FDA 1572  C. Facilities data (21 CFR 312.23(a)  Form FDA 1572  15. Is any part of the clinical study to be conducted if Yes, will any sponsor obligations be transferred if Yes, provide a statement containing the name identification of the clinical study, and a listing of the clinical study.	(a)(3)) (a)(3)) (a)(3)) (a)(5)) (a)(6)) (a)(6)(iii)(b)) or (a)(6)(iii)(b)) or completed (b) d by a contract research ed to the contract research ed address of the contract free and address of the contract free obligations transferr	6. Protocol (Continued)  d. Institutional Review Board de (b)) or completed Form FDA  7. Chemistry, manufacturing, and con (21 CFR 312.23(a)(7))  Environmental assessment or c (21 CFR 312.23(a)(7)(iv)(e))  8. Pharmacology and toxicology data  9. Previous human experience (21 CFR 312.23(a)(7)(iv)(e))  10. Additional information (21 CFR 312.23(a)(7)(iv)(e))  11. Biosimilar User Fee Cover Sheet 12. Clinical Trials Certification of Comportant or Component or C	1572 trol data claim for exclusion (21 CFR 312.23(a)(8)) FR 312.23(a)(9)) 12.23(a)(10)) (Form FDA 3792)
16. Name and Title of the person responsible for r		nd progress of the clinical investigations	
Özlem Türeci, MD, Chief Medical Officer, BioNTe 17. Name and Title of the person responsible for r Özlem Türeci, MD, Chief Medical Officer, BioNTe	eview and evaluation of	information relevant to the safety of the drug	3
I agree not to begin clinical investigation by FDA that the studies may begin. I also studies are placed on clinical hold or fina requirements set forth in 21 CFR Part 56 studies in the proposed clinical investigal regulatory requirements.  18. Name of Sponsor or Sponsor's Authorized Re Neda Aghajani Memar, Pharm.D., Director, Pfizer 19. Telephone Number (Include country code if application) (b) (6)	agree not to begin or ncial hold. I agree tha will be responsible f tion. I agree to cond presentative Global Regulatory Affair	continue clinical investigations cover at an Institutional Review Board (IRB) for initial and continuing review and a uct the investigation in accordance v	ered by the IND if those ) that complies with the approval of each of the vith all other applicable
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235 East 42<sup>nd</sup> Street/New York, NY 10017-5755



## **Global Product Development**

14 July 2021

Marion Gruber, Ph.D.
Director
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Food and Drug Administration
Center for Biologics Evaluation and Research
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Silver Spring, MD 20993-0002

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SN 0406

Re: Covid-19 Vaccine (BNT162/PF-07302048) BB-IND 19736

IND Amendment - Clinical Information Amendment

Dear Dr. Gruber,

Reference is made to BB-IND 19736 for the COVID-19 vaccine (BNT162; PF-07302048), which Pfizer and BioNTech are developing for the indication of active immunization to prevent coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) caused by severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 (SARS-CoV-2). The IND was effective on 29 April 2020.

Reference is also made to Study C4591001 protocol entitled, "A Phase 1/2/3, Placebo-Controlled, Randomized, Observer-Blind, Dose-Finding Study to Describe the Safety, Tolerability, Immunogenicity, and Efficacy of SARS-CoV-2 RNA Vaccine Candidates Against COVID-19 in Healthy Individuals" and the current C4591001 Clinical Protocol incorporating Amendment 16 submitted to the IND on 02 June 2021 (SN 0353).

The purpose of this submission is to provide preliminary safety and immunogenicity data for C4591001 Phase 1 participants who completed the two-dose BNT162b2 30 µg series and then received a third (booster) dose of BNT162b2 30 µg, including SARS-CoV-2 serum neutralizing titers against wild-type (USA-WA1/2020) and B.1.351 lineage target strains determined before and after booster vaccination. The report, entitled Phase 1 Booster Safety and Immunogenicity Data up to 1 Month Post-Dose 3 of BNT162b2 30 µg in Study C4591001, is provided in Module 1.11.3.

This submission has been scanned for viruses using McAfee VirusScan Enterprise Version 8.8 and is virus free. The submission is being sent via the Gateway.

Should you have any questions regarding this submission, or require additional information, please contact me via phone at (b) (6); via facsimile at 845-474-3500; or via e-mail at (b) (6)

Sincerely,

Neda Aghajani Memar, Pharm.D. Director Pfizer Global Regulatory Affairs

CC: Ramachandra S. Naik, Ph.D. CC: Laura Gottschalk, Ph.D. CC: Captain Michael Smith, Ph.D.



### COVID-19 Vaccine (BNT162, PF-07302048)

### **BB-IND 19736**

Phase 1 Booster Safety and Immunogenicity Data up to 1 Month Post-Dose 3 of BNT162b2 30 µg in Study C4591001

**July 2021** 

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## TABLE OF CONTENTS

LIST OF T	ABLES	2
LIST OF F	TIGURES	3
ABBREVI	ATIONS	4
1. BACKG	ROUND	5
2. STUDY	C4591001 PHASE 1 BNT162B2 BOOSTER ANALYSIS	5
2.1. 5	Study Design and Evaluations	5
2.2. 1	Endpoints and Analysis Methods	5
	2.2.1. Safety Endpoints and Analysis Methods	5
	2.2.2. Immunogenicity Endpoints and Analysis Methods	6
2.3. 1	Results	6
	2.3.1. Safety Results	6
	2.3.2. Immunogenicity Results	13
2.4. ]	Discussion and Conclusions	15
3. ADDITI	ONAL TABLES, LISTINGS, AND FIGURES	16
4. REFERI	ENCES	27
	LIST OF TABLES	
Table 1.	Disposition of All Randomized Subjects – Phase 1 Booster – Initial BNT162b2 (30 µg)	7
Table 2.	Vaccine Administration Timing – Phase 1 Booster – Initial BNT162b2 (30 μg)	
Table 3.	Demographic Characteristics – Phase 1 Booster – Initial BNT162b2 (30 µg) – Safety Population	9
Table 4.	Local Reactions, by Maximum Severity, Within 7 Days After Each Dose – Phase 1 Booster – Initial BNT162b2 (30 µg) – Safety Population	
Table 5.	Systemic Events, by Maximum Severity, Within 7 Days After Each Dose – Phase 1 Booster – Initial BNT162b2 (30 µg) – Safety Population	19
Table 6.	Summary of Geometric Mean Fold Rises From Before Vaccination to Each Subsequent Time Point – Phase 1 Booster – Initial BNT162b2 (30 µg) – Dose 3 Booster All-Available Immunogenicity Population	26

### LIST OF FIGURES

Figure 1.	Participants Reporting Local Reactions, by Maximum Severity, Within 7 Days After Each Dose – Phase 1 Booster – Initial BNT162b2 (30 µg) – Safety Population.	11
Figure 2.	Participants Reporting Systemic Events, by Maximum Severity, Within 7 Days After Each Dose – Phase 1 Booster – Initial BNT162b2 (30 µg) – Safety Population.	12
Figure 3.	Geometric Mean Titers and 95% CI: SARS-CoV-2 Neutralizing Titers (NT50) – Phase 1 Booster – Initial BNT162b2 (30 µg) – Dose 3 Booster All-Available Immunogenicity Population	14

BB-IND 19736

M 1.11.3 – Clinical Information Amendment

COVID-19 Vaccine (BNT162, PF-07302048)

## **ABBREVIATIONS**

Abbreviation	Definition
BLA	Biologics License Application
CI	confidence interval
CoV	Coronavirus
COVID-19	Coronavirus Disease 2019
EUA	Emergency Use Application
GMFR	geometric mean fold rise
GMT	geometric mean titer
IND	Investigational New Drug
LLOQ	lower limit of quantitation
MedDRA	Medical Dictionary for Regulatory Activities
NT50	50% neutralizing titer
SAP	statistical analysis plan
SD	standard deviation
SARS	severe acute respiratory syndrome
SARS-CoV-2	SARS Coronavirus-2; virus causing the disease COVID-19

COVID-19 Vaccine (BNT162, PF-07302048)

### 1. BACKGROUND

Reference is made to BB-IND 19736 for the COVID-19 vaccine (BNT162; PF-07302048), which Pfizer and BioNTech are developing, and which is currently available in the United States (US) under Emergency Use Authorization (EUA) 27034 for the prevention of Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) in individuals ≥12 years of age. The Investigational New Drug (IND) application was effective on 29 April 2020 and Pfizer initiated the pivotal clinical study (C4591001) in the United States on 04 May 2020.

C4591001 includes additional study groups to evaluate boostability. The purpose of this clinical information amendment is to provide preliminary safety and immunogenicity data for C4591001 Phase 1 participants who completed the two-dose BNT162b2 30 µg series and then received a third (booster) dose of BNT162b2 30 µg, including SARS-CoV-2 serum neutralizing titers against wild-type (USA-WA1/2020) and B.1.351 lineage target strains determined before and after booster vaccination.

### 2. STUDY C4591001 PHASE 1 BNT162B2 BOOSTER ANALYSIS

### 2.1. Study Design and Evaluations

C4591001 Phase 1 participants who were originally randomized to receive either BNT162b1 or BNT162b2 at dose levels of 10, 20, or 30 µg were offered booster vaccination with BNT162b2 at 30 µg, approximately 6 to 12 months after their second dose of BNT162b1 or BNT162b2. This Phase 1 booster group provided an early assessment of the safety and immunogenicity associated with a third vaccine dose against the SARS-CoV-2 reference strain and against a variant of interest.

Safety and immunogenicity associated with the two-dose regimen of BNT162b2 has been described previously. These data were also included in the initial Biologics License Application (BLA) submitted to the US Food and Drug Administration (FDA) on 18 May 2021.

This submission includes preliminary findings from a subset of younger (18 to 55 years of age) and older (65 to 85 years of age) participants in the Phase 1 part of Study C4591001 who completed the initial two-dose series of BNT162b2 30 µg, given approximately 3 weeks apart, and then received a third dose (booster) of BNT162b2 30 µg approximately 7 to 9 months after the second dose. Data were collected through the cutoff date of 13 May 2021.

Details of booster group safety and immunogenicity analyses and methods are provided in Protocol C4591001 and in the Statistical Analysis Plan and summarized below.

### 2.2. Endpoints and Analysis Methods

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### 2.2.1. Safety Endpoints and Analysis Methods

Safety evaluations after BNT162b2 Dose 3 (booster) included reports of local reactions (injection site pain, redness, swelling) and systemic events (fever, vomiting, diarrhea, headache, fatigue, chills, muscle pain, joint pain) and use of antipyretic medications in the 7 days after BNT162b2 booster administration as reported by participants in electronic

COVID-19 Vaccine (BNT162, PF-07302048)

**BB-IND 19736** 

M 1.11.3 - Clinical Information Amendment

diaries. For comparison, reactogenicity data after the initial two-dose regimen of BNT162b2 (Dose 1 and Dose 2) are presented for these same participants who received the booster (Dose 3). The occurrence of adverse events (AEs) and serious AEs (SAEs) was assessed up to 1 month after BNT162b2 Dose 3.

Safety endpoints are presented as counts, percentages, and associated Clopper-Pearson 2-sided 95% CIs with AEs categorized by MedDRA term (version 23.1) for each group.

### 2.2.2. Immunogenicity Endpoints and Analysis Methods

A 50% plaque-reduction neutralization test (the highest serum dilution that prevented the formation of more than 50% of viral plaques) was used to determine geometric mean titers (GMTs) of serum-mediated virus suppression as described previously.<sup>2,3</sup>

SARS-CoV-2 50% neutralization titers were assessed in sera drawn before BNT162b2 Dose 1 (on Day 1); 7 days and 1 month after BNT162b2 Dose 2; before Dose 3; and 7 days and 1 month after Dose 3. Neutralization titers were determined as described previously against the designated wild-type (recombinant USA-WA1/2020) and against the B.1.351 (recombinant USA-WA1/2020 bearing the full spike gene from Beta variant) lineage target strains. All samples from each of the time points were analyzed for this evaluation (ie, previously tested samples were reanalyzed) to ensure the most accurate assessments of persistence of neutralizing antibodies and response to the third dose (booster) of BNT162b2.

SARS-CoV-2 serum neutralizing GMTs were calculated by exponentiating the mean of logarithmically transformed assay results; the associated 2-sided 95% CIs were obtained from the natural log scale of the results using the Student's *t* distribution and exponentiating the confidence limits. Geometric mean fold rises (GMFRs) were calculated by exponentiating the mean of the difference of logarithmically transformed assay results. Geometric mean ratios (GMRs) between strains were calculated as the mean of the difference of logarithmically transformed neutralization titers for each participant (ie, B.1.351 strain minus wild-type strain) and exponentiating the mean. Associated 2-sided CIs for GMFRs and GMRs were obtained using the Student's *t* distribution for the mean difference on the logarithm scale and exponentiating the confidence limits.

### 2.3. Results

### 2.3.1. Safety Results

The study was conducted at 2 sites in the US. As of the data cutoff date (13 May 2021), 23/24 original Phase 1 participants who received 2 doses of BNT162b2 30 µg received a third dose (booster) of BNT162b2 30 µg. One original participant declined to receive Dose 3.

Study disposition and Dose 3 administration timing are summarized in Table 1 and Table 2. The mean time (SD) from the second to the third dose was similar in the younger (8.2 [0.27] months) and older (8.4 [0.12] months) age groups.

Demographic characteristics of Phase 1 participants have been reported previously<sup>1</sup> and are summarized for this booster analysis in Table 3.

Disposition of All Randomized Subjects - Phase 1 Booster - Initial Table 1. BNT162b2 (30 μg)

	Initial A	Initial Age Group				
	18-55 Years of Age	65-85 Years of Age				
	(N <sup>a</sup> =11) n <sup>b</sup> (%)	(N <sup>a</sup> =12) n <sup>b</sup> (%)				
Received booster dose	11 (100.0)	12 (100.0)				
Withdrawal from the study	0	0				

N = number of randomized subjects in the specified group. This value is the denominator for the percentage calculations.

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Table 2. Vaccine Administration Timing – Phase 1 Booster – Initial BNT162b2 (30 μg)

	Initial Age Group				
	18-55 Years of Age	65-85 Years of Age			
	(N <sup>a</sup> =11) n <sup>b</sup> (%)	(N <sup>a</sup> =12) n <sup>b</sup> (%)			
Dose 1	11 (100.0)	12 (100.0)			
Dose 2 <sup>c</sup>	11 (100.0)	12 (100.0)			
<14 Days	0	0			
14-20 Days	0	0			
21-27 Days	11 (100.0)	12 (100.0)			
28-34 Days	0	0			
35-41 Days	0	0			
42-48 Days	0	0			
49-55 Days	0	0			
>55 Days	0	0			
Mean (SD)	21.3 (0.65)	21.0 (0.00)			
Median	21.0	21.0			
Min, Max	(21.0, 23.0)	(21.0, 21.0)			

n = Number of subjects with the specified characteristic.

BNT162b2 (30 µg)

Table 2. Vaccine Administration Timing – Phase 1 Booster – Initial

(					
	Initial Age Group				
	18-55 Years of Age	65-85 Years of Age			
	(N <sup>a</sup> =11) n <sup>b</sup> (%)	(N <sup>a</sup> =12) n <sup>b</sup> (%)			
Received the booster vaccination <sup>d</sup>	11 (100.0)	12 (100.0)			
<7 Months	0	0			
7-<8 Months	3 (27.3)	0			
8-<9 Months	8 (72.7)	12 (100.0)			
≥9 Months	0	0			
Mean (SD)	8.2 (0.27)	8.4 (0.12)			
Median	8.2	8.4			
Min, Max	(7.9, 8.8)	(8.2, 8.5)			

N = number of subjects in the specified group. This value is the denominator for the percentage calculations.

- n = Number of subjects with the specified characteristic.
- Days calculated since Dose 1.
- Months calculated since Dose 2.

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Table 3. Demographic Characteristics – Phase 1 Booster – Initial BNT162b2 (30 µg) – Safety Population

	Initial Age Group				
	18-55 Years of Age	65-85 Years of Age			
	(N <sup>a</sup> =11) n <sup>b</sup> (%)	(N <sup>a</sup> =12) n <sup>b</sup> (%)			
Sex					
Male	2 (18.2)	6 (50.0)			
Female	9 (81.8)	6 (50.0)			
Race					
White	8 (72.7)	12 (100.0)			
Black or African American	1 (9.1)	0			
Asian	2 (18.2)	0			
Ethnicity					
Non-Hispanic/non-Latino	11 (100.0)	12 (100.0)			
Age at booster dose (years)					
Mean (SD)	38.8 (10.00)	69.3 (2.96)			
Median	39.0	69.0			
Min, max	(24, 55)	(65, 75)			

a. N = number of subjects in the specified group. This value is the denominator for the percentage calculations.

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All 23 participants who received the third dose (booster) of BNT162b2 were included in the safety analysis. Overall, a third dose was well tolerated. Younger participants 18 to 55 years of age reported mild to moderate local reactions, which were primarily pain at the injection site after Dose 3 (Figure 1; see also Table 4). In this age group, a higher percentage of participants reported local reactions after the first dose (91%) than after either the second (82%) or third dose (82%).

In older participants 65 to 85 years of age, mild to moderate pain at the injection site was the only local reaction reported (Figure 1; see also Table 4). Again, a higher percentage of participants reported local reactions after the first BNT162b2 dose (75%) than after either the second (67%) or third dose (67%). A higher percentage of younger than older participants reported local reactions after each dose.

b. n = Number of subjects with the specified characteristic.

BB-IND 19736

M 1.11.3 – Clinical Information Amendment

COVID-19 Vaccine (BNT162, PF-07302048)

A lower percentage of younger adults reported systemic events after the first BNT162b2 dose (73%) than after either the second (100%) or third dose (91%) (Figure 2; see also Table 5). In this age group, fatigue, headache, chills, and muscle pain were reported by more participants after both Doses 2 and 3 than after Dose 1. Systemic events were predominantly mild to moderate in severity. Fever was more common after Dose 3 than after Doses 1 or 2.

As in the younger adult group, a lower percentage of participants in the older adult group reported systemic events after the first BNT162b2 dose (25%) than after the second (58%) or third dose (67%) (Figure 2; see also Table 5). In this older age group, fatigue, headache, chills, muscle pain, and joint pain were reported by more participants after Doses 2 and 3 than after Dose 1. No participant in this age group reported a severe systemic event. No fever was reported after the first or third dose. A lower percentage of older than younger participants reported systemic events after each dose.

There were no reported AEs in the 1 month after Dose 3 of BNT162b2 30 µg.

Figure 1. Participants Reporting Local Reactions, by Maximum Severity, Within 7 Days After Each Dose – Phase 1 Booster – Initial BNT162b2 (30 µg) – Safety Population

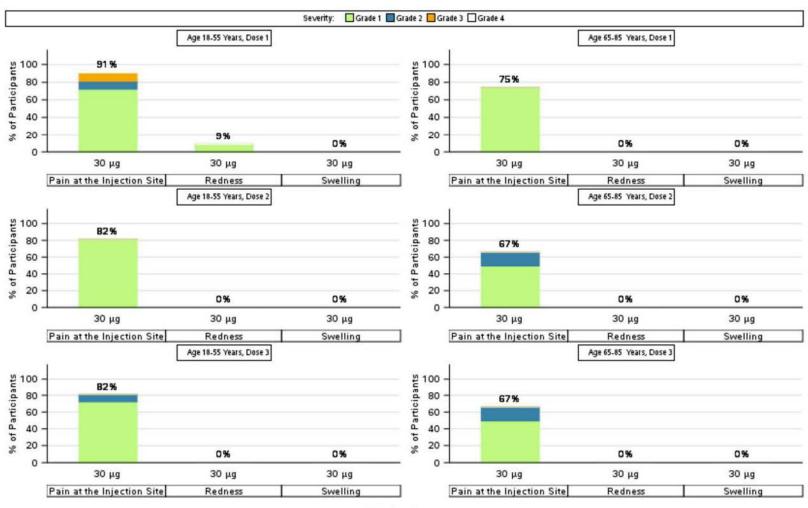
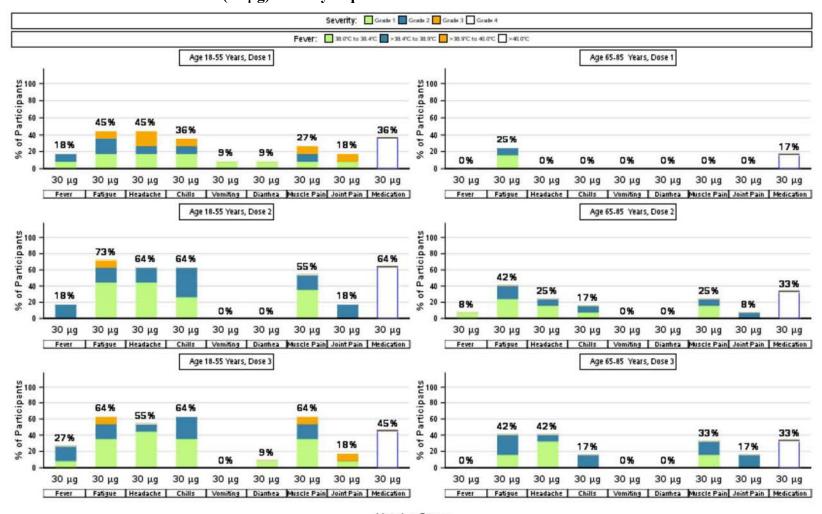


Figure 2. Participants Reporting Systemic Events, by Maximum Severity, Within 7 Days After Each Dose – Phase 1 Booster – Initial BNT162b2 (30 μg) – Safety Population



### 2.3.2. Immunogenicity Results

The Dose 3 all-available immunogenicity population included all randomized participants who received 2 doses of BNT162b2 as initially randomized, received a third BNT162b2 dose, and had at least 1 valid and determinate immunogenicity result after Dose 3. Valid neutralization titers were obtained from all 23 participants.

SARS-CoV-2 neutralization GMTs against the wild-type USA-WA1/2020 strain (a clinical strain isolated in January 2020) substantially increased after Dose 3. GMTs at 1 month after Dose 3 were 2119 (95% CI: 1229.1, 3653.4) for younger participants 18 to 55 years of age, and 2032 (95% CI: 1232.6, 3349.3) for older participants 65 to 85 years of age, which were >5-fold and >7-fold, respectively, those of the GMTs observed at 1 month after Dose 2 (Figure 3).

GMFRs against the wild-type strain from before Dose 3 to 1 month after Dose 3 were 25.7 (95% CI: 12.4, 53.3) for younger adults, and 49.4 (95% CI: 29.2, 83.3) for older adults (see Table 6).

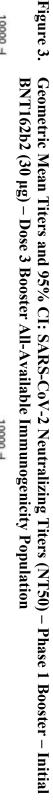
A third dose of BNT162b2 administered 7 to 9 months after the original two-dose series also increased the neutralizing titers against the B.1.351 SARS-CoV-2 recombinant virus (recombinant virus was based on the USA-WA1/2020 clinical strain and incorporated the complete spike gene from the B.1.351 variant<sup>2</sup>). At 1 month after Dose 3, GMTs were 1546 (95% CI: 888.1, 2692.4) for younger participants, and 1567 (95% CI: 875.2, 2804.7) for older participants, which were >15-fold and >20-fold, respectively, those of the GMTs observed at 1 month after Dose 2 (Figure 3).

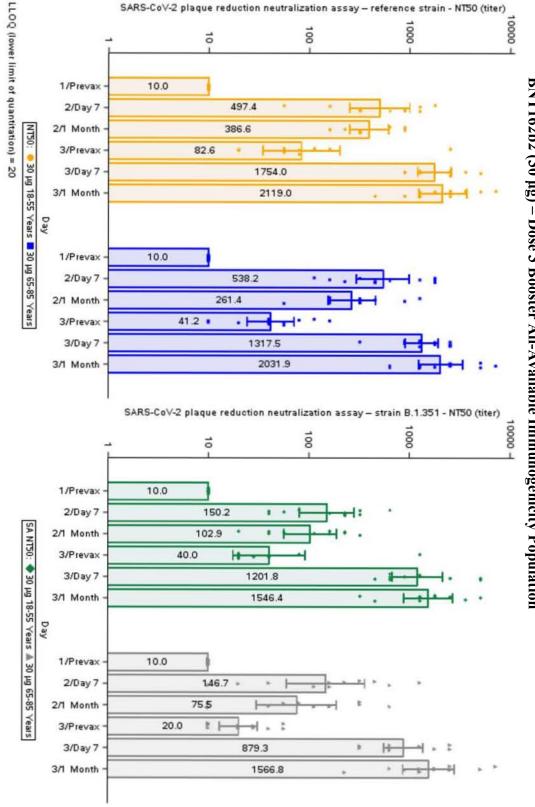
GMFRs against B.1.351 from before Dose 3 to 1 month after Dose 3 were 38.7 (95% CI: 19.8, 75.5) for younger adults, and 78.3 (95% CI: 40.7, 150.6) for older adults (see Table 6).

The difference between neutralizing titers against the wild-type virus and the B.1.351 SARS-CoV-2 lineage observed after Dose 2 narrowed after BNT162b2 Dose 3 (Figure 3). Specifically, at 1 month after Dose 2, the GMRs of neutralizing titers against the B.1.351 virus to neutralizing titers against the wild-type virus were 0.27 (95% CI: 0.18, 0.39) for younger adults and 0.29 (95% CI: 0.17, 0.49) for older adults; at 1 month after Dose 3, the corresponding GMRs increased to 0.73 (95% CI: 0.52, 1.02) and 0.77 (95% CI: 0.51, 1.16).

**BB-IND 19736** 

COVID-19 Vaccine (BNT162, PF-07302048)





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### 2.4. Discussion and Conclusions

A third dose of BNT162b2 30 µg administered 7 to 9 months after the initial two-dose series in adults 18 to 55 and 65 to 85 years of age was safe, well tolerated, and highly immunogenic.

BNT162b2 Dose 3 boosted serum neutralizing responses against the original SARS-CoV-2 wild-type strain, resulting in an increase of neutralizing titers that were >5-fold those observed after Dose 2. A third dose also substantially boosted the serum neutralizing titers against recombinant SARS-CoV-2 with the B.1.351 (Beta) variant spike mutations to >15-fold those observed after the second dose. Furthermore, the difference in neutralizing titers against the wild-type and B.1.351 variant viruses narrowed after the third dose compared with those after the second dose, showing that a booster dose increases the breadth of neutralizing response against SARS-CoV-2 variants. This phenomenon of increased magnitude and breadth of humoral response has also been observed when booster doses of pre-pandemic influenza vaccines were administered after a primary immunization series.<sup>4</sup>

Some SARS-CoV-2 variants have been associated with more rapid transmission, and potentially, greater pathogenicity, <sup>5</sup> leading to concerns about the potential for reduced vaccine-mediated protection. Studies of in vitro neutralization of a number of SARS-CoV-2 variants have found that BNT162b2-immune sera neutralize all SARS-CoV-2 variants tested to date, including B.1.351 and B.1.617.2 (Delta variant). 2,6,7,8,9,10,11 Although the neutralization activity of BNT162b2-immune sera against recombinant SARS-CoV-2 with the B.1.351 lineage spike was lower, the efficacy and effectiveness of BNT162b2 against the B.1.351 variant has remained very high, particularly for severe outcomes. <sup>2,12,13</sup> In the Phase 2/3 study. there was 100% observed vaccine efficacy of BNT162b2 against COVID-19 in the subgroup of participants from South Africa, with 8/9 cases after Dose 2 (all in placebo recipients) that had determinant sequences confirmed as caused by the B.1.351 variant. <sup>12</sup> Real-world data also indicate that two doses of BNT162b2 are 75%, 88%, and 90% effective against B.1.351 (Beta), B.1.617.2 (Delta), and B.1.1.7 (Alpha) variants, respectively. <sup>13,14</sup>

It is possible that protection against variants that show reduced neutralization by BNT162b2immune sera could wane more quickly than protection against more readily neutralized strains. The high neutralizing titers against the B.1.351 strain after a third dose, exceeding those after two doses, and the more comparable titers between the wild-type and B.1.351 strains after Dose 3 is encouraging. These data suggest that a third dose could prolong protection and further increase the breadth of protection.

Correlates of protection have not been established for COVID-19; therefore, the durability of protection from vaccination and the required frequency of booster doses are unknown at this time. To date, results from the global Phase 1/2/3 study of BNT162b2 indicate robust protection lasting at least 6 months, despite modest waning of immunity over time. <sup>12,15</sup> Booster doses have the potential to keep protection high if immunity continues to decline over time.

Further studies of BNT162b2 booster dosing and boosting with vaccine candidates that use the same nucleoside-modified mRNA technology but encode spike glycoproteins from variants of concern, such as B.1.351, are ongoing or planned, including a study with a larger number of participants.

### 3. ADDITIONAL TABLES, LISTINGS, AND FIGURES

Table 4. Local Reactions, by Maximum Severity, Within 7 Days After Each Dose – Phase 1 Booster – Initial BNT162b2 (30 µg) – Safety Population

		Initial Age Group						
		18-55 Years of Age				65-85 Years of Age		
Dose	<b>Local Reaction</b>	Na	n <sup>b</sup> (%)	(95% CI°)	N <sup>a</sup>	n <sup>b</sup> (%)	(95% CI°)	
1	Redness <sup>d</sup>							
	Any	11	1 (9.1)	(0.2, 41.3)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Mild	11	1 (9.1)	(0.2, 41.3)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Moderate	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Severe	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Grade 4	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Swelling <sup>d</sup>							
	Any	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Mild	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Moderate	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Severe	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Grade 4	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Unknown	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Pain at the injection site <sup>e</sup>							
	Any	11	10 (90.9)	(58.7, 99.8)	12	9 (75.0)	(42.8, 94.5)	
	Mild	11	8 (72.7)	(39.0, 94.0)	12	9 (75.0)	(42.8, 94.5)	
	Moderate	11	1 (9.1)	(0.2, 41.3)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Severe	11	1 (9.1)	(0.2, 41.3)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Grade 4	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Any local reaction <sup>f</sup>	11	10 (90.9)	(58.7, 99.8)	12	9 (75.0)	(42.8, 94.5)	
2	Rednessd							
	Any	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Mild	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Moderate	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Severe	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Grade 4	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Unknown	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Swelling <sup>d</sup>							
	Any	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Mild	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Moderate	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Severe	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Grade 4	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Unknown	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	

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Local Reactions, by Maximum Severity, Within 7 Days After Each Dose -Table 4. Phase 1 Booster – Initial BNT162b2 (30 µg) – Safety Population

		Initial Age Group						
		18-55 Years of Age				65-85 Years of Age		
Dose	<b>Local Reaction</b>	Na	n <sup>b</sup> (%)	(95% CI°)	Na	n <sup>b</sup> (%)	(95% CI°)	
	Pain at the injection site <sup>e</sup>							
	Any	11	9 (81.8)	(48.2, 97.7)	12	8 (66.7)	(34.9, 90.1)	
	Mild	11	9 (81.8)	(48.2, 97.7)	12	6 (50.0)	(21.1, 78.9)	
	Moderate	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	2 (16.7)	(2.1, 48.4)	
	Severe	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Grade 4	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Any local reaction <sup>f</sup>	11	9 (81.8)	(48.2, 97.7)	12	8 (66.7)	(34.9, 90.1)	
3	Redness <sup>d</sup>							
	Any	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Mild	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Moderate	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Severe	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Grade 4	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Unknown	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Swelling <sup>d</sup>							
	Any	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Mild	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Moderate	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Severe	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Grade 4	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Unknown	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Pain at the injection site <sup>e</sup>							
	Any	11	9 (81.8)	(48.2, 97.7)	12	8 (66.7)	(34.9, 90.1)	
	Mild	11	8 (72.7)	(39.0, 94.0)	12	6 (50.0)	(21.1, 78.9)	
	Moderate	11	1 (9.1)	(0.2, 41.3)	12	2 (16.7)	(2.1, 48.4)	
	Severe	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Grade 4	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Any local reaction <sup>f</sup>	11	9 (81.8)	(48.2, 97.7)	12	8 (66.7)	(34.9, 90.1)	
Any dose	Redness <sup>d</sup>							
-	Any	11	1 (9.1)	(0.2, 41.3)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Mild	11	1 (9.1)	(0.2, 41.3)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Moderate	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Severe	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Grade 4	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Swelling <sup>d</sup>							

Table 4. Local Reactions, by Maximum Severity, Within 7 Days After Each Dose – Phase 1 Booster – Initial BNT162b2 (30 µg) – Safety Population

		Initial Age Group						
		18-55 Years of Age			65-85 Years of Age			
Dose	Local Reaction	Na	n <sup>b</sup> (%)	(95% CI°)	Na	n <sup>b</sup> (%)	(95% CI°)	
	Any	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Mild	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Moderate	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Severe	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Grade 4	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Unknown	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Pain at the injection site <sup>e</sup>							
	Any	11	11 (100.0)	(71.5, 100.0)	12	11 (91.7)	(61.5, 99.8)	
	Mild	11	8 (72.7)	(39.0, 94.0)	12	8 (66.7)	(34.9, 90.1)	
	Moderate	11	2 (18.2)	(2.3, 51.8)	12	3 (25.0)	(5.5, 57.2)	
	Severe	11	1 (9.1)	(0.2, 41.3)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Grade 4	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Any local reaction <sup>f</sup>	11	11 (100.0)	(71.5, 100.0)	12	11 (91.7)	(61.5, 99.8)	

Note: Reactions were collected in the electronic diary (e-diary) from day of booster dose to Day 7 after vaccination.

Note: Grade 4 reactions were classified by the investigator or medically qualified person.

- N = number of subjects reporting at least 1 yes or no response for the specified reaction after the specified dose.
- b. n = Number of subjects with the specified characteristic.
- Exact 2-sided CI based on the Clopper and Pearson method. c.
- Mild: >2.0 to 5.0 cm; moderate: >5.0 to 10.0 cm; severe: >10.0 cm; Grade 4: necrosis (redness and swelling categories) or exfoliative dermatitis (redness category only).
- Mild: does not interfere with activity; moderate: interferes with activity; severe: prevents daily activity; Grade 4: emergency room visit or hospitalization for severe pain at the injection site.
- Any local reaction: any redness >2.0 cm, any swelling >2.0 cm, or any pain at the injection site. PFIZER CONFIDENTIAL SDTM Creation: 08JUN2021 (16:53) Source Data: adfacevd Table Generation: 09JUN2021 (17:13)

(Cutoff Date: 13MAY2021, Snapshot Date: 08JUN2021) Output File:

./nda3/C4591001 P1 Booster/adce s010 lr b2 p1

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Table 5. Systemic Events, by Maximum Severity, Within 7 Days After Each Dose – Phase 1 Booster – Initial BNT162b2 (30 μg) – Safety Population

		Initial Age Group							
		18-55 Years of Age				65-85 Years of Age			
Dose	Systemic Event	Na	n <sup>b</sup> (%)	(95% CI°)	Na	n <sup>b</sup> (%)	(95% CI°)		
1	Fever								
	≥38.0°C	11	2 (18.2)	(2.3, 51.8)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)		
	≥38.0°C to 38.4°C	11	1 (9.1)	(0.2, 41.3)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)		
	>38.4°C to 38.9°C	11	1 (9.1)	(0.2, 41.3)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)		
	>38.9°C to 40.0°C	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)		
	>40.0°C	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)		
	Fatigue <sup>d</sup>								
	Any	11	5 (45.5)	(16.7, 76.6)	12	3 (25.0)	(5.5, 57.2)		
	Mild	11	2 (18.2)	(2.3, 51.8)	12	2 (16.7)	(2.1, 48.4)		
	Moderate	11	2 (18.2)	(2.3, 51.8)	12	1 (8.3)	(0.2, 38.5)		
	Severe	11	1 (9.1)	(0.2, 41.3)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)		
	Grade 4	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)		
	Headache <sup>d</sup>								
	Any	11	5 (45.5)	(16.7, 76.6)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)		
	Mild	11	2 (18.2)	(2.3, 51.8)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)		
	Moderate	11	1 (9.1)	(0.2, 41.3)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)		
	Severe	11	2 (18.2)	(2.3, 51.8)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)		
	Grade 4	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)		
	Chills <sup>d</sup>								
	Any	11	4 (36.4)	(10.9, 69.2)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)		
	Mild	11	2 (18.2)	(2.3, 51.8)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)		
	Moderate	11	1 (9.1)	(0.2, 41.3)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)		
	Severe	11	1 (9.1)	(0.2, 41.3)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)		
	Grade 4	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)		
	Vomitinge								
	Any	11	1 (9.1)	(0.2, 41.3)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)		
	Mild	11	1 (9.1)	(0.2, 41.3)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)		
	Moderate	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)		
	Severe	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)		
	Grade 4	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)		
	Diarrheaf								
	Any	11	1 (9.1)	(0.2, 41.3)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)		
	Mild	11	1 (9.1)	(0.2, 41.3)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)		
	Moderate	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)		
	Severe	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)		

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Systemic Events, by Maximum Severity, Within 7 Days After Each Dose – Table 5. Phase 1 Booster – Initial BNT162b2 (30 µg) – Safety Population

		Initial Age Group							
		18-55 Years of Age				65-85 Years of Age			
Dose	Systemic Event	Na	n <sup>b</sup> (%)	(95% CI°)	N <sup>a</sup>	n <sup>b</sup> (%)	(95% CI°)		
	Grade 4	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)		
	New or worsened muscle pai	$n^{d}$							
	Any	11	3 (27.3)	(6.0, 61.0)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)		
	Mild	11	1 (9.1)	(0.2, 41.3)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)		
	Moderate	11	1 (9.1)	(0.2, 41.3)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)		
	Severe	11	1 (9.1)	(0.2, 41.3)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)		
	Grade 4	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)		
	New or worsened joint paind								
	Any	11	2 (18.2)	(2.3, 51.8)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)		
	Mild	11	1 (9.1)	(0.2, 41.3)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)		
	Moderate	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)		
	Severe	11	1 (9.1)	(0.2, 41.3)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)		
	Grade 4	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)		
	Any systemic event <sup>g</sup>	11	8 (72.7)	(39.0, 94.0)	12	3 (25.0)	(5.5, 57.2)		
	Use of antipyretic or pain medication <sup>h</sup>	11	4 (36.4)	(10.9, 69.2)	12	2 (16.7)	(2.1, 48.4)		
	Fever								
	≥38.0°C	11	2 (18.2)	(2.3, 51.8)	12	1 (8.3)	(0.2, 38.5)		
	≥38.0°C to 38.4°C	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	1 (8.3)	(0.2, 38.5)		
	>38.4°C to 38.9°C	11	2 (18.2)	(2.3, 51.8)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)		
	>38.9°C to 40.0°C	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)		
	>40.0°C	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)		
	Fatigue <sup>d</sup>								
	Any	11	8 (72.7)	(39.0, 94.0)	12	5 (41.7)	(15.2, 72.3)		
	Mild	11	5 (45.5)	(16.7, 76.6)	12	3 (25.0)	(5.5, 57.2)		
	Moderate	11	2 (18.2)	(2.3, 51.8)	12	2 (16.7)	(2.1, 48.4)		
	Severe	11	1 (9.1)	(0.2, 41.3)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)		
	Grade 4	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)		
	Headache <sup>d</sup>						•		
	Any	11	7 (63.6)	(30.8, 89.1)	12	3 (25.0)	(5.5, 57.2)		
	Mild	11	5 (45.5)	(16.7, 76.6)	12	2 (16.7)	(2.1, 48.4)		
	Moderate	11	2 (18.2)	(2.3, 51.8)	12	1 (8.3)	(0.2, 38.5)		
	Severe	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)		
	Grade 4	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)		
	$Chills^{d}$								

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Systemic Events, by Maximum Severity, Within 7 Days After Each Dose – Table 5. Phase 1 Booster – Initial BNT162b2 (30 µg) – Safety Population

		Initial Age Group						
		18-55 Years of Age				65-85 Years of Age		
Dose	Systemic Event	Na	n <sup>b</sup> (%)	(95% CI°)	Na	n <sup>b</sup> (%)	(95% CI°)	
	Any	11	7 (63.6)	(30.8, 89.1)	12	2 (16.7)	(2.1, 48.4)	
	Mild	11	3 (27.3)	(6.0, 61.0)	12	1 (8.3)	(0.2, 38.5)	
	Moderate	11	4 (36.4)	(10.9, 69.2)	12	1 (8.3)	(0.2, 38.5)	
	Severe	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Grade 4	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Vomiting <sup>e</sup>							
	Any	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Mild	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Moderate	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Severe	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Grade 4	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Diarrheaf							
	Any	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Mild	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Moderate	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Severe	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Grade 4	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	New or worsened muscle pain	d						
	Any	11	6 (54.5)	(23.4, 83.3)	12	3 (25.0)	(5.5, 57.2)	
	Mild	11	4 (36.4)	(10.9, 69.2)	12	2 (16.7)	(2.1, 48.4)	
	Moderate	11	2 (18.2)	(2.3, 51.8)	12	1 (8.3)	(0.2, 38.5)	
	Severe	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Grade 4	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	New or worsened joint pain <sup>d</sup>							
	Any	11	2 (18.2)	(2.3, 51.8)	12	1 (8.3)	(0.2, 38.5)	
	Mild	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Moderate	11	2 (18.2)	(2.3, 51.8)	12	1 (8.3)	(0.2, 38.5)	
	Severe	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Grade 4	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Any systemic eventg	11	11 (100.0)	(71.5, 100.0)	12	7 (58.3)	(27.7, 84.8)	
	Use of antipyretic or pain medication <sup>h</sup>	11	7 (63.6)	(30.8, 89.1)	12	4 (33.3)	(9.9, 65.1)	
	Fever							
	≥38.0°C	11	3 (27.3)	(6.0, 61.0)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	≥38.0°C to 38.4°C	11	1 (9.1)	(0.2, 41.3)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	>38.4°C to 38.9°C	11	2 (18.2)	(2.3, 51.8)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	

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Systemic Events, by Maximum Severity, Within 7 Days After Each Dose – Table 5. Phase 1 Booster – Initial BNT162b2 (30 µg) – Safety Population

				Initial Ag	ge Group			
			18-55 Yea	ars of Age		ars of Age		
Dose	Systemic Event	Na	n <sup>b</sup> (%)	(95% CI°)	N <sup>a</sup>	n <sup>b</sup> (%)	(95% CI°)	
	>38.9°C to 40.0°C	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	>40.0°C	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Fatigue <sup>d</sup>							
	Any	11	7 (63.6)	(30.8, 89.1)	12	5 (41.7)	(15.2, 72.3)	
	Mild	11	4 (36.4)	(10.9, 69.2)	12	2 (16.7)	(2.1, 48.4)	
	Moderate	11	2 (18.2)	(2.3, 51.8)	12	3 (25.0)	(5.5, 57.2)	
	Severe	11	1 (9.1)	(0.2, 41.3)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Grade 4	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Headache <sup>d</sup>							
	Any	11	6 (54.5)	(23.4, 83.3)	12	5 (41.7)	(15.2, 72.3)	
	Mild	11	5 (45.5)	(16.7, 76.6)	12	4 (33.3)	(9.9, 65.1)	
	Moderate	11	1 (9.1)	(0.2, 41.3)	12	1 (8.3)	(0.2, 38.5)	
	Severe	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Grade 4	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Chills <sup>d</sup>							
	Any	11	7 (63.6)	(30.8, 89.1)	12	2 (16.7)	(2.1, 48.4)	
	Mild	11	4 (36.4)	(10.9, 69.2)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Moderate	11	3 (27.3)	(6.0, 61.0)	12	2 (16.7)	(2.1, 48.4)	
	Severe	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Grade 4	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Vomiting <sup>e</sup>							
	Any	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Mild	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Moderate	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Severe	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Grade 4	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Diarrhea <sup>f</sup>							
	Any	11	1 (9.1)	(0.2, 41.3)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Mild	11	1 (9.1)	(0.2, 41.3)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Moderate	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Severe	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	Grade 4	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)	
	New or worsened muscle pa						,	
	Any	11	7 (63.6)	(30.8, 89.1)	12	4 (33.3)	(9.9, 65.1)	
	Mild	11	4 (36.4)	(10.9, 69.2)	12	2 (16.7)	(2.1, 48.4)	
	Moderate	11	2 (18.2)	(2.3, 51.8)	12	2 (16.7)	(2.1, 48.4)	

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Systemic Events, by Maximum Severity, Within 7 Days After Each Dose – Table 5. Phase 1 Booster – Initial BNT162b2 (30 µg) – Safety Population

			Initial Age Group							
		18-55 Years of Age				65-85 Yea	ars of Age			
Dose	Systemic Event	Na	n <sup>b</sup> (%)	(95% CI°)	N <sup>a</sup>	n <sup>b</sup> (%)	(95% CI°)			
	Severe	11	1 (9.1)	(0.2, 41.3)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)			
	Grade 4	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)			
	New or worsened joint pain <sup>d</sup>									
	Any	11	2 (18.2)	(2.3, 51.8)	12	2 (16.7)	(2.1, 48.4)			
	Mild	11	1 (9.1)	(0.2, 41.3)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)			
	Moderate	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	2 (16.7)	(2.1, 48.4)			
	Severe	11	1 (9.1)	(0.2, 41.3)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)			
	Grade 4	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)			
	Any systemic event <sup>g</sup>	11	10 (90.9)	(58.7, 99.8)	12	8 (66.7)	(34.9, 90.1)			
	Use of antipyretic or pain medication <sup>h</sup>	11	5 (45.5)	(16.7, 76.6)	12	4 (33.3)	(9.9, 65.1)			
Any dose	Fever									
	≥38.0°C	11	5 (45.5)	(16.7, 76.6)	12	1 (8.3)	(0.2, 38.5)			
	≥38.0°C to 38.4°C	11	1 (9.1)	(0.2, 41.3)	12	1 (8.3)	(0.2, 38.5)			
	>38.4°C to 38.9°C	11	4 (36.4)	(10.9, 69.2)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)			
	>38.9°C to 40.0°C	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)			
	>40.0°C	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)			
	Fatigue <sup>d</sup>									
	Any	11	9 (81.8)	(48.2, 97.7)	12	7 (58.3)	(27.7, 84.8)			
	Mild	11	3 (27.3)	(6.0, 61.0)	12	3 (25.0)	(5.5, 57.2)			
	Moderate	11	3 (27.3)	(6.0, 61.0)	12	4 (33.3)	(9.9, 65.1)			
	Severe	11	3 (27.3)	(6.0, 61.0)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)			
	Grade 4	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)			
	Headache <sup>d</sup>									
	Any	11	10 (90.9)	(58.7, 99.8)	12	5 (41.7)	(15.2, 72.3)			
	Mild	11	5 (45.5)	(16.7, 76.6)	12	4 (33.3)	(9.9, 65.1)			
	Moderate	11	3 (27.3)	(6.0, 61.0)	12	1 (8.3)	(0.2, 38.5)			
	Severe	11	2 (18.2)	(2.3, 51.8)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)			
	Grade 4	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)			
	Chills <sup>d</sup>									
	Any	11	9 (81.8)	(48.2, 97.7)	12	4 (33.3)	(9.9, 65.1)			
	Mild	11	3 (27.3)	(6.0, 61.0)	12	1 (8.3)	(0.2, 38.5)			
	Moderate	11	5 (45.5)	(16.7, 76.6)	12	3 (25.0)	(5.5, 57.2)			
	Severe	11	1 (9.1)	(0.2, 41.3)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)			
	Grade 4	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)			

Table 5. Systemic Events, by Maximum Severity, Within 7 Days After Each Dose – Phase 1 Booster – Initial BNT162b2 (30 μg) – Safety Population

		Initial Age Group					
			18-55 Yea	rs of Age	65-85 Years of Age		
Dose	Systemic Event	Na	n <sup>b</sup> (%)	(95% CI°)	Na	n <sup>b</sup> (%)	(95% CI°)
	Vomiting <sup>e</sup>						
	Any	11	1 (9.1)	(0.2, 41.3)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)
	Mild	11	1 (9.1)	(0.2, 41.3)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)
	Moderate	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)
	Severe	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)
	Grade 4	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)
	Diarrheaf						
	Any	11	2 (18.2)	(2.3, 51.8)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)
	Mild	11	2 (18.2)	(2.3, 51.8)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)
	Moderate	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)
	Severe	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)
	Grade 4	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)
	New or worsened muscle pair	$n^d$					
	Any	11	9 (81.8)	(48.2, 97.7)	12	5 (41.7)	(15.2, 72.3)
	Mild	11	4 (36.4)	(10.9, 69.2)	12	3 (25.0)	(5.5, 57.2)
	Moderate	11	3 (27.3)	(6.0, 61.0)	12	2 (16.7)	(2.1, 48.4)
	Severe	11	2 (18.2)	(2.3, 51.8)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)
	Grade 4	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)
	New or worsened joint pain <sup>d</sup>						
	Any	11	4 (36.4)	(10.9, 69.2)	12	2 (16.7)	(2.1, 48.4)
	Mild	11	1 (9.1)	(0.2, 41.3)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)
	Moderate	11	1 (9.1)	(0.2, 41.3)	12	2 (16.7)	(2.1, 48.4)
	Severe	11	2 (18.2)	(2.3, 51.8)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)
	Grade 4	11	0	(0.0, 28.5)	12	0	(0.0, 26.5)
	Any systemic event <sup>g</sup>	11	11 (100.0)	(71.5, 100.0)	12	10 (83.3)	(51.6, 97.9)
	Use of antipyretic or pain medication <sup>h</sup>	11	9 (81.8)	(48.2, 97.7)	12	7 (58.3)	(27.7, 84.8)

Note: Events were collected in the electronic diary (e-diary) from day of booster dose to Day 7 after vaccination. Grade 4 events were classified by the investigator or medically qualified person.

a. N = number of subjects reporting at least 1 yes or no response for the specified event after the specified dose.

b. n = Number of subjects with the specified characteristic.

c. Exact 2-sided CI based on the Clopper and Pearson method.

d. Mild: does not interfere with activity; moderate: some interference with activity; severe: prevents daily activity; Grade 4: emergency room visit or hospitalization for severe fatigue, severe headache, severe chills, severe muscle pain, or severe joint pain.

e. Mild: 1 to 2 times in 24 hours; moderate: >2 times in 24 hours; severe: requires intravenous hydration;

COVID-19 Vaccine (BNT162, PF-07302048) BB-IND 19736

M 1.11.3 – Clinical Information Amendment

Table 5. Systemic Events, by Maximum Severity, Within 7 Days After Each Dose – Phase 1 Booster – Initial BNT162b2 (30 μg) – Safety Population

			Initial Age Group					
			18-55 Years of Age		65-85 Years of Age			
Dose	Systemic Event	Na	n <sup>b</sup> (%)	(95% CI°)	Na	n <sup>b</sup> (%)	(95% CI°)	

Grade 4: emergency room visit or hospitalization for severe vomiting.

- f. Mild: 2 to 3 loose stools in 24 hours; moderate: 4 to 5 loose stools in 24 hours; severe: 6 or more loose stools in 24 hours; Grade 4: emergency room visit or hospitalization for severe diarrhea.
- g. Any systemic event: any fever ≥38.0°C, any fatigue, any vomiting, any chills, any diarrhea, any headache, any new or worsened muscle pain, or any new or worsened joint pain.
- h. Severity was not collected for use of antipyretic or pain medication.

PFIZER CONFIDENTIAL SDTM Creation: 08JUN2021 (16:53) Source Data: adfacevd Table Generation: 09JUN2021 (17:12)

(Cutoff Date: 13MAY2021, Snapshot Date: 08JUN2021) Output File:

./nda3/C4591001 P1 Booster/adce s020 se b2 p1

Table 6. Summary of Geometric Mean Fold Rises From Before Vaccination to Each Subsequent Time Point – Phase 1 Booster – Initial BNT162b2 (30 μg) – Dose 3 Booster All-Available Immunogenicity Population

			Initial A	ge Gi	roup
		18-5	55 Years of Age	65-8	35 Years of Age
Assay	Dose/ Sampling Time Point <sup>a</sup>	n <sup>b</sup>	GMFR <sup>c</sup> (95% CI <sup>c</sup> )	n <sup>b</sup>	GMFR <sup>c</sup> (95% CI <sup>c</sup> )
SARS-CoV-2 plaque reduction neutralization assay – reference strain - NT50 (titer)	2/Day 7	11	49.7 (24.7, 100.1)	12	53.8 (29.2, 99.3)
	2/1 Month	11	38.7 (24.7, 60.4)	12	26.1 (15.2, 45.0)
	3/Day 7	11	21.2 (11.2, 40.3)	12	32.0 (19.5, 52.6)
	3/1 Month	11	25.7 (12.4, 53.3)	12	49.4 (29.2, 83.3)
SARS-CoV-2 plaque reduction neutralization assay – strain B.1.351 - NT50 (titer)	2/Day 7	11	15.0 (8.1, 28.0)	12	14.7 (6.0, 36.0)
	2/1 Month	11	10.3 (5.7, 18.7)	12	7.6 (3.0, 18.8)
	3/Day 7	11	30.0 (17.3, 52.0)	12	44.0 (24.6, 78.7)
	3/1 Month	11	38.7 (19.8, 75.5)	12	78.3 (40.7, 150.6)

Abbreviations: GMFR = geometric mean fold rise; LLOQ = lower limit of quantitation; NT50 = 50% neutralizing titer; SARS-CoV-2 = severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2.

Note: GMFR for after booster dose is based on pre-booster dose visit. For all other visits GMFR is based on pre-dose 1 visit.

- a. Protocol-specified timing for blood sample collection.
- b. n = Number of subjects with valid and determinate assay results for the specified assay both before vaccination and at the given dose/sampling time point.
- c. GMFRs and the corresponding 2-sided 95% CIs were calculated by exponentiating the mean logarithm of fold rises and the corresponding CIs (based on the Student t distribution). Assay results below the LLOQ were set to  $0.5 \times LLOQ$ .

PFIZER CONFIDENTIAL SDTM Creation: 08JUN2021 (16:53) Source Data: adva Table Generation: 09JUN2021 (05:18)

(Cutoff Date: 13MAY2021, Snapshot Date: 08JUN2021) Output File:

./nda3/C4591001\_P1\_Booster/adva\_s002\_gmfr\_b2\_aai\_p1

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### M 1.11.3 – Clinical Information Amendment

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# **Document Approval Record**

Document Name:	C4591001 Phase 1 Booster Dosing - July 2021 - Clinical Information A mendment
Document Title:	C4591001 Phase 1 Booster Dosing - July 2021 - Clinical Information A mendment

Signed By:	Date(GMT)	Signing Capacity
Lockhart, Stephen Paul	13-Jul-2021 17:04:33	Business Line Approver